

Disciplinary and Grievance Policy

Purpose and scope

This procedure is designed to help and encourage all employees to achieve and maintain standards of conduct, attendance, and job performance. The company rules and this procedure apply to all employees. The aim is to ensure consistent and fair treatment for all in the organisation.

Principles

Informal action will be considered, where appropriate, to resolve problems.

No disciplinary action will be taken against an employee until the case has been fully investigated.

For formal action the employee will be advised of the nature of the complaint against him or her and will be given the opportunity to state his or her case before any decision is made at a disciplinary meeting.

Employees will be provided, where appropriate, with written copies of evidence and relevant witness statements in advance of a disciplinary meeting.

At all stages of the procedure the employee will have the right to be accompanied by a trade union representative, or work colleague.

No employee will be dismissed for a first breach of discipline except in the case of gross misconduct, when the penalty will be dismissal without notice or payment in lieu of notice.

An employee will have the right to appeal against any disciplinary action.

The procedure may be implemented at any stage if the employee's alleged misconduct warrants this.

The Procedure

First stage of formal procedure

This will normally be either:

- An improvement notes for unsatisfactory performance if performance does not meet acceptable standards.

This will set out the performance problem, the improvement that is required, the timescale, any help that may be given and the right of appeal. The individual will be advised that it constitutes the first stage of the formal procedure. A record of the improvement note will be kept for 12 months, but will then be considered spent – subject to achieving and sustaining satisfactory performance

OR

- A first warning for misconduct if conduct does not meet acceptable standards

This will be in writing and set out the nature of the misconduct and the change in behavior required and the right of appeal. The warning will also inform the employee that a final written warning may be considered if there is no sustained satisfactory improvement or change. A record of the warning will be kept, but it will be disregarded for disciplinary purposes after a specified period of 12 months.

Final Written Warning

If the offence is sufficiently serious, or if there is further misconduct or a failure to improve performance during the currency of a prior warning, a final written warning may be given to the employee.

This will give details of the complaint, the improvement required and the timescale. It will also warn that failure to improve may lead to dismissal (or some other action short of dismissal) and will refer to the right of appeal. A copy of this written warning will be kept by the Company Secretary but will be disregarded for disciplinary purposes after 12 months subject to achieving and sustaining satisfactory conduct or performance.

Dismissal or other sanction

If there is still further misconduct or failure to improve performance the final step in the procedure may be dismissal or some other action short of dismissal such as demotion or disciplinary suspension or transfer. Dismissal decisions can only be taken by the General Manager or Managing Director, and the employee will be provided in writing with reasons for dismissal, the date on which the employment will terminate, and the right of appeal.

If some sanction short of dismissal is imposed, the employee will receive details of the complaint, will be warned that dismissal could result if there is no satisfactory improvement and will be advised of the right of appeal. A copy of the written warning will be kept by the appropriate manager but will be disregarded for disciplinary purposes after 12 months subject to achievement and sustenance of satisfactory conduct or performance.

Gross misconduct

The following list provides some examples of offences which are normally regarded as gross misconduct:

- Theft or fraud
- Physical violence or bullying
- Deliberate and serious damage to property
- Serious misuse of an organisation's property or name
- Deliberately accessing internet sites containing pornographic, offensive, or obscene material
- Serious insubordination
- Unlawful discrimination or harassment
- Bringing the organisation into serious disrepute
- Serious incapability at work brought on by alcohol or illegal drugs
- Causing loss, damage, or injury through serious negligence
- A serious breach of health and safety rules
- A serious breach of confidence.

If you are accused of an act of gross misconduct, you may be suspended from work on full pay, normally for no more than five working days, while the alleged offence is investigated. If, on completion of the investigation and the full disciplinary procedure, the organisation is satisfied that gross misconduct has occurred, the result will normally be summary dismissal without notice or payment in lieu of notice.

Appeals

An employee who wishes to appeal against a disciplinary decision must do so within five working days. A senior manager will hear all appeals and his/her decision is final. At the appeal any disciplinary penalty imposed will be reviewed.

Grievance Procedure

Dealing with grievances informally - If you have a grievance or complaint to do with your work or the people you work with you should, wherever possible, start by talking it over with your manager. You may be able to agree a solution informally between you.

Formal grievance - If the matter is serious and/or you wish to raise the matter formally you should set out the grievance in writing to your manager. You should stick to the facts and avoid language that is insulting or abusive. Where your grievance is against your manager, and you feel unable to approach him or her you should talk to another manager or the Director.

Grievance Hearing - Your manager will call you to a meeting, normally within 5 days, to discuss your grievance. You have the right to be accompanied by a colleague or trade union representative at this meeting if you make a reasonable request. After the meeting the manager will give you a decision in writing, normally within 24 hours.

Appeal -If you are unhappy with your manager's decision and you wish to appeal you should let your manager know.

You will be invited to an appeal meeting, normally within 5 days, and your appeal will be heard by a more senior manager (or Managing Director). You have the right to be accompanied by a colleague or trade union representative at this meeting if you make a reasonable request.

After the meeting the Senior manager (Managing Director) will give you a decision, normally within 24 hours. The Managing Directors decision is final.

Signed

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "J Lomax", written in a cursive style.

James Lomax
Managing Director